Year 3/4 Curriculum Information Autumn 1



PE/Outdoor Learning/Library	Homework:
Wednesday afternoon. The first week will be Owls. PE: Koalas and Zebras will have PE on Wednesday and Thursday.	Maths: We will have the Times-Tables Rockstars which will be checked weekly to see how children are progressing. Children should be reading their reading book every day and recording this on their bookmarks or reading record books.

English	Maths	<u>Science</u>
The text we will be enjoying reading as a class is The Wild Way Home by Sophie Kirtley. Both Year 3 and Year 4 will also be doing work on The Stone Age Boy by Satoshi Kitamura in preparation for theme week on Stone Age to Iron Age. Year 4 will then be understanding the structure of a traditional tale/fable by looking at The Tortoise and the Hare, and Year 3 will be looking at Little Red & The Hungry	 The Year 3 units which will be covered include: Number and Place Value Addition with up to 3-digit numbers The Year 4 units which will be covered include: Number and Place Value including negative numbers and counting through zero Addition and subtraction with up to 4-digit numbers 	 Light and shadows Recognise that we need light in order to see and that dark is the absence of light Notice that light is reflected from surfaces Recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by an opaque object Find patterns in the way that sizes of shadows change
Lion. Later in the half term, Year 4 will be writing letters and recounts using Winter's Child as a stimulus and Year 3 will be writing a non-chronological report using How Dinosaurs Really Work!	We will be continuing to build on children's speed and fluency of times tables recall through daily practice.	Theme Through our theme of Stone Age to Iron Age Britain, we will be looking at: • The developments of tools, housing and farming • The progression of humans from nomads to return and to the progression of humans from nomads to the progression of humans from nomades to thumans from nomades to the progression of huma
Please record any reading done at home on your child's bookmark by initialling on it and writing the date.		settlers How early people communicated (cave paintings and stories) We will endeavour to answer the question "Would you rather live in the Stone Age, Bronze Age or Iron Age?"

Pre-historic Britain (The Stone Age to the Iron Age)



Tool-makers (Homo habilis) – were the first

Fire-makers (Homo erectus) – were the first

Neanderthals (Homo neanderthalensis) -

Modern Humans (Homo sapiens) - The

first Homo sapiens originated around

200,000 years ago in Africa.

these were the first humans to live in caves

Human evolution:

and wear clothes.

humans to make stone tools.

humans to learn how to make fire.



Our focus:

Technology, tools and inventions: this will include fire, the wheel and learning about tools developed and adapted through these ages.

Homes and everyday life: this will be about the development of survival skills and how humans evolved over time from becoming hunter gathers to farmers.

Art, culture and communication: this is about using cave paintings to communicate stories.

Places to Visit: There are hillforts, barrows, cairns and stone circles on public land across England as well as plenty of collections in local, regional and national museums.

Possible visit sites include: * Cresswell Crags, Nottinghamshire

* Butser Ancient Farm, Hampshire

- * Flag Fen, Cambridgeshire * Stonehenge, Wiltshire
- * Bodrifty Iron Age Settlement, Cornwall * Museum of the Iron Age, Hampshire

Further Information:

BBC Pre-History: www.//bit.do/BBCprehistory British Museum : www.bit.do/BritishMuseum1 www.michaelt1979.files.wordpress.com/2014/04/history-1-prehistory.pdf

Key Vocabulary:

Stone Age, Iron Age, Bronze Age, Ice Age, Neolithic, pre-historic, Neanderthals, hunter, gatherer, cave painting, spears, hammer stone, hand axe, artefacts, homo sapiens.

Timeline of Key Events

Stone Age:

Palaeolithic to 10,000 BCE Mesolithic to 4000 BCE Neolithic to 2300 BCE Bronze Age: 2300 BCE to 800 BCE Iron Age: 800 BCE to 43 CE

All dates below are approximate

800.000 BCE Earliest footprints in Britain 400.000 BCE Earliest hearth in Britain 10,000 BCE End of the last Ice Age 6000 BCE Land bridge to Europe flooded 4000 BCE Adoption of agriculture 3000 BCE Stonehenge started 3000 BCE Skara Brae built 2300 BCE Bronze working introduced 1600 BCE Stonehenge abandoned 1500 BCE Villages and mixed farming 1200 BCE First hillforts 800 BCE Ironworking introduced 120 BCE Coins introduced from Europe 100 BCE Belgae arrived from Europe 80 BCE Roman amphorae imported 54 BCE First Roman invasion (Julius Caesar) 43 CE Second Roman invasion (Claudius)