



Year 5/6 Curriculum Information

Spring 2



English

Our English this half term is based on 'The Boy at the Back of the Class' by Onjali Q. Rauf.

- To write a narrative recount;
- To write a persuasive speech using persuasive devices and introductory and concluding statements.

In Reading we will look at:

- Retrieval;
- Skimming and Scanning
- Authorial intent and Character Viewpoints;

Year 6 will also be preparing for their SATs reading paper.

Don't forget! World Book Day Thursday 7th March 2024. The children are invited to dress up should they wish.

Please record any reading done at home on the reading bookmark and don't forget that all children have access to the online SORA E-Library via their Google Classroom account.

Maths

Year 5 and 6 will cover different units in maths this half term.

Year 5:

- Multiplication – up to 4 digits by 2 digits;
- Short division with remainders;
- Common factors and multiples and prime numbers;
- Decimals – ordering and comparing;
- Statistics – understanding tables.

Year 6:

- Factors, multiples and primes;
- Equivalences and imperial measures;
- Algebra;
- Revisit style lessons in preparation for SATs.

We will be continuing to build on children's speed and fluency of times tables recall through mental maths challenges. All children have a login to Times Tables RockStars to practise their times tables at home.

Science

This half term we will be learning about Earth and Space:

- Stars, planets and moons have so much mass they attract other things, including each other, due to a force called gravity. Gravity works over a distance;
- Objects with larger masses exert bigger gravitational forces;
- Objects like planets, moons and stars spin.
- Smaller mass objects like planets orbit larger mass objects like stars;
- Stars produce a vast amount of heat and light. All other objects are lumps of rock, metal or ice and can be seen because they reflect the light of stars.

Theme

Through our theme of 'Migration and Movement', we will be exploring:

- What import and export means;
- Trade and economic links and how these impact us and those around us;
- How trade and economics has developed over time;
- How and why people migrate, including push and pull factors;
- How climate affects import and exports and about Fairtrade and its benefits.

A plea...

This half term, we will be looking at 'FairTrade' and Import and Export.

We would love to collect food packaging from around the world to investigate where these have come from and why. If you have any interesting food packaging **(no specific nut products please)** please could you send these in to school with your child.

Many thanks. 😊

Theme Outcome

We would like to invite you to our 'cookalong' events in the school hall this half term. Bring an apron and a pair of clean hands and help the children with their baking!

Year 5: Tuesday 5th March 2024

Year 6: Monday 4th March 2024

Of course, this could take longer than a typical Theme Outcome, so please bear this in mind.

Home Learning

All children in Year 5 are expected to complete three short pieces of 'SATs companion' home learning per week that is related to their learning. This will be checked on a **Tuesday**.

Year 6 are expected to complete their three 'ten-minute test' SATs preparation books. These should be brought into school on a **Thursday** even if the children have been to SATs club.

All children still have access to Times Tables RockStars and completion is still highly encouraged for all children.

Useful Information

Year 5: PE on a Wednesday and Thursday.

Library- Monday.

Year 6: PE on a Wednesday and Friday.

Library – Monday

Outdoor Learning will be on a half termly rota, which can be found on our school website.

Please ensure that your child has appropriate kit in school on that day.

Don't forget! World Book Day Thursday 7th March 2024. The children are invited to dress up should they wish.



Migration and Movement

Did you know...

- By the end of 2019, there were nearly **26 million refugees in the world** — a record number.
- **Half of the world's refugees are children.**
- In Syria alone, more than **6.6 million people have fled**, seeking safety in Lebanon, Turkey, Jordan and beyond.
- In Lebanon, where more than 1 million Syrian refugees reside, approximately **70% of Syrian refugees live below the poverty line.**
- Over the past three years, more than **75,000 children have been born in the refugee camps of Cox's Bazar.**
- About **30% of refugees arriving through the Balkans are children**, while roughly 25% of these children are unaccompanied.
- At least **3.7 million refugee children are out of school**, a figure likely worsened by the COVID pandemic.



Fairtrade

The idea of fair trade has been around since the 1960s, but fair-trade labels were not used until 1988. In 1992 several charitable organizations, including Oxfam, Christian Aid, and Traidcraft, came together to create the Fairtrade Foundation in the United Kingdom. Fair Trade USA launched its FairTrade Certified label in 1998. These foundations, and others around the world, help farmers and producers sell their goods.

Useful websites:

[Trade and globalisation - Trade and globalisation - National 5 Geography Revision - BBC Bitesize](#)

[Home - Fairtrade Foundation](#)

[What Is a Refugee? Important Facts and Figures About Refugees | Save the Children](#)

[Pablo the Super-Banana \(for early years groups\) - Fairtrade Schools](#)

the big picture of temperatures, rainfall, wind and other conditions over a larger region and a longer time than weather.

Import	To bring goods or services into a country to sell from abroad.
Export	To send goods to another country for sale.
Population	The number of people living in a particular place.
Demographics	The composition of a particular human population, thinking about births, deaths, disease etc which may affect this.
Natural Resources	Natural resources are found all over Earth like sunlight, air, water, rocks, soil, plants and animals. There are two types - renewable and nonrenewable resources.
Economy	The state of a country or region in terms of the production and consumption of goods and services and the supply of money.
Trade	An economic concept involving the buying and selling of goods and services.
Migration	The movement of people to a new area or country in order to find work or better living conditions.
Refugee	A person who has been forced to leave their country in order to escape war, persecution, or natural disaster.